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Osteopenia and decreased bone formation in osteonectin-deficient mice

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Corrigendum

During preparation of this manuscript for publication, an error in Figure 5 was introduced. The correct version, accompanied by the legend, appears below. Figure 5Trabecular bone-formation rate in tibiae of control (+/+) and osteonectin-null (–/–) mice. In vivo dual calcein labeling allows an estimate of bone-formation rate, which considers the distance between 2 fluorescent labels. Representative data from 11-week-old control (a) and osteonectin-null (b) mice are shown. Bars show mean ± SEM ($n \geq 4$). AP <0.01 between control and mutant mice, as determined by 2-way ANOVA.

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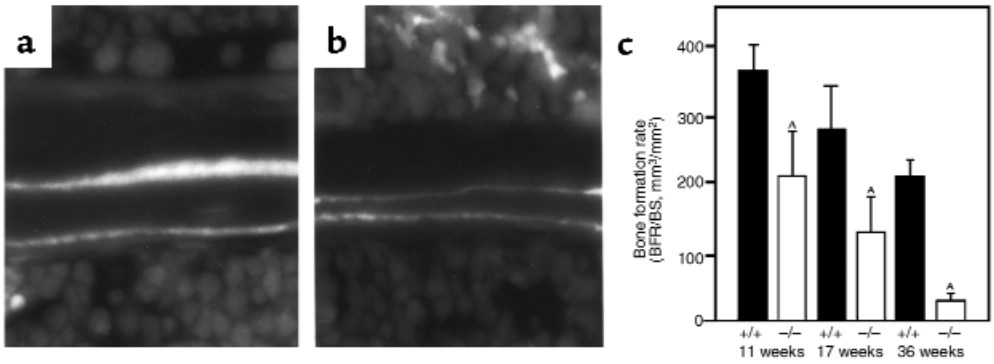

Figure 5
Trabecular bone-formation rate in tibiae of control (+/+) and osteonectin-null (–/–) mice. In vivo dual calcein labeling allows an estimate of bone-formation rate, which considers the distance between 2 fluorescent labels. Representative data from 11-week-old control (**a**) and osteonectin-null (**b**) mice are shown. Bars show mean ± SEM ($n \geq 4$). $^{\wedge}P < 0.01$ between control and mutant mice, as determined by 2-way ANOVA.