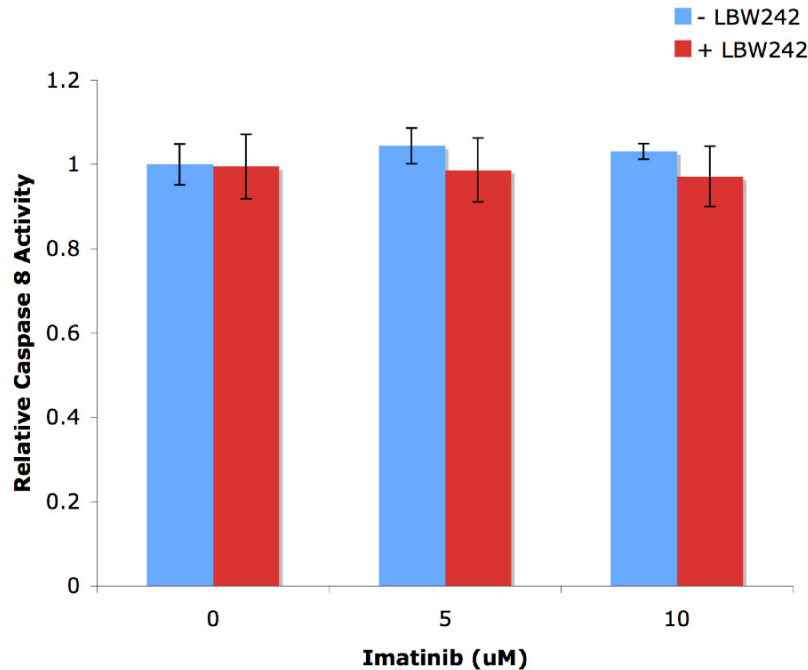
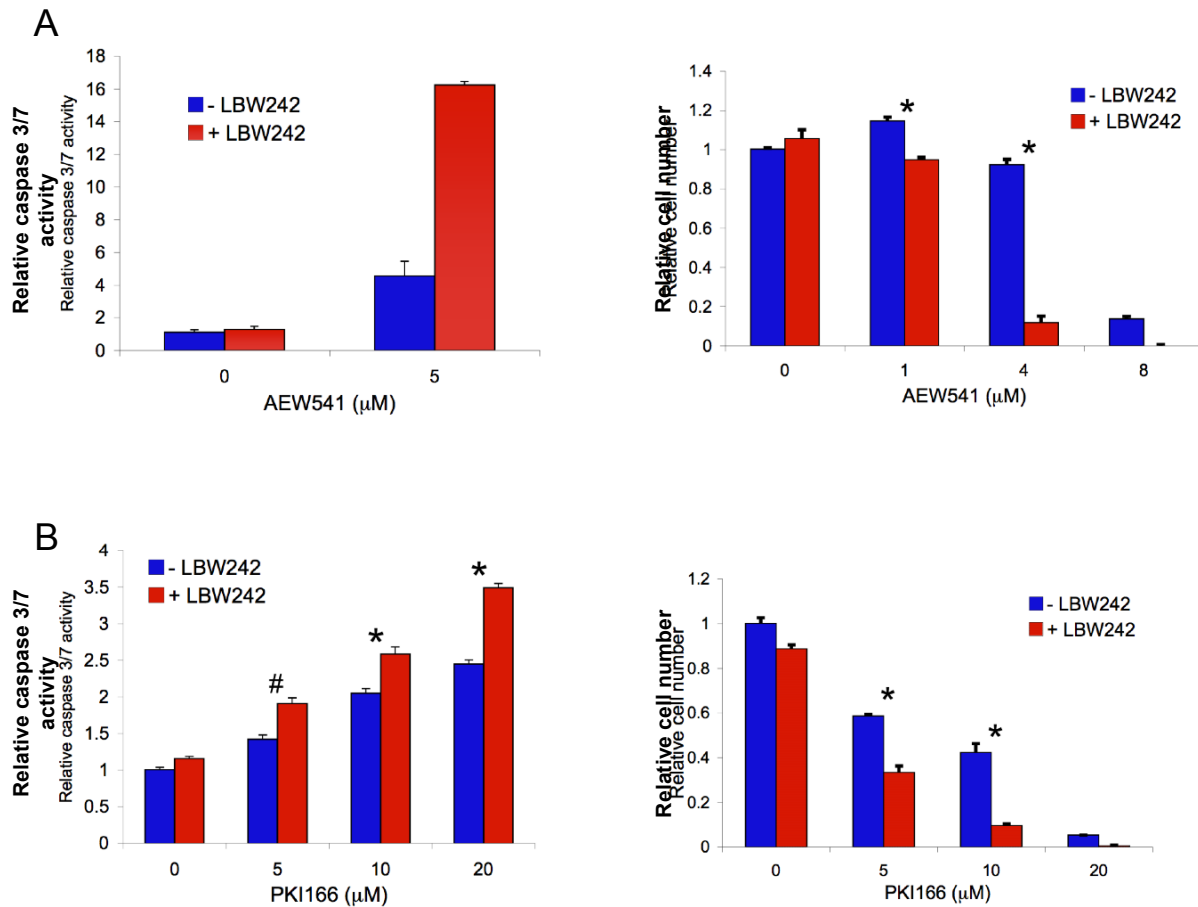


Supplemental Figure 1



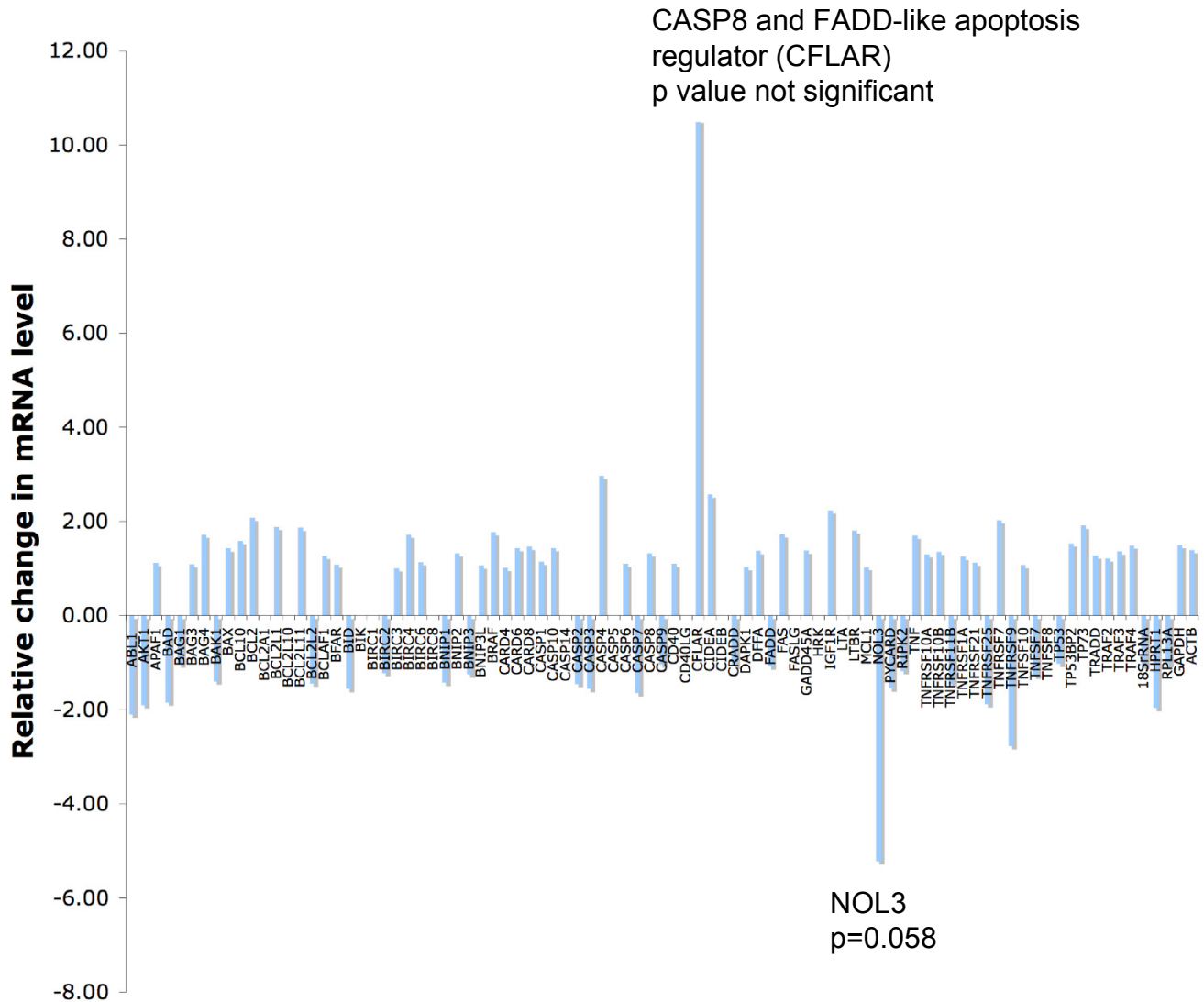
Supplemental Figure 1. PDGFR and IAP inhibition do not activate the extrinsic pathway. U87 cells were seeded in 96 well plates and treated with LBW242 (50 μ M) and / or imatinib at the concentrations indicated. After 48 hours incubation relative caspase 8 activity was measured via luminescent assay. No significant difference was seen between any of the treatment arms. Experiments were conducted in triplicate, with data expressed as mean \pm SEM.

Supplemental Figure 2



Supplemental Figure 2. Synergistic induction of apoptosis by LBW242 in combination with IGF1R and EGFR inhibition. LN827 cells were seeded in 96 well plates and treated with the IGF-1R inhibitor AEW541 (**A**) or the EGFR inhibitor PKI166 (**B**) at the concentrations indicated. Cells were also treated with either LBW242 (50 μ M) or DMSO as a control. After 72 hours incubation relative cell survival was measured by MTS assay and caspase 3/7 activity at 48 hours was measured via fluorescent assay. Experiments were conducted in triplicate, with data expressed as mean \pm SEM. * $p < 0.001$ comparing results +/- LBW242, # $p < 0.01$ by Student's t-test (two-tailed).

Supplemental Figure 3



Supplemental Figure 3. NOL3 expression is suppressed following administration of imatinib in LN827 cells. Graph depicts results of multiplexed quantitative RT-PCR analysis of the indicated genes in the apoptosis pathway in LN827 cells. Data represents the average gene expression levels for 3 separate samples treated with or without imatinib, 10 μ M for 36 hours. Expression levels of CFLAR were highly erratic, and the apparent increase is not statistically significant. 4 independent follow-up experiments showed no significant change in CFLAR expression following treatment with imatinib (relative change -1.13, 1.05, 1.32 and 1.17)