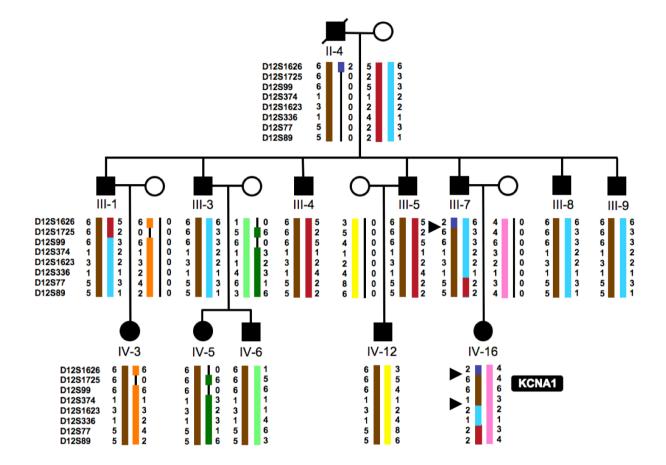
Supplemental Figure 1



Supplemental Figure 1 Haplotype analysis of the autosomal dominant hypomagnesemia locus on the short arm of chromosome 12 in the Brazilian family. Affected family members are shown in black; circles and squares refer to female and male individuals, respectively. A diagonal line indicates that the individual is deceased. Microsatellite markers are depicted on the left. The haplotypes are illustrated by different colors. The brown haplotype co-segregates with the disease. Critical recombinations are pinpointed by arrow heads (υ) in individuals III-7 (telomeric) and IV-16 (centromeric). KCNA1 is located within the critical region between markers D12S1725 and D12S99 (black bar).

Supplemental Table 1 Overview of primers sets

Accession: BC101733	Forward primer (5' to 3')	Reverse primer (5' to 3')
Human KCNA1 1.1	GAGGGGGATTCCAAACTGAG	AACTTCTCCATGGCCTCCTC
Human KCNA1 1.2	GTACTTCTTCGACCGCAACC	CCCAGCGTGATGAAATAAGG
Human KCNA1 1.3	CCCTTCTTCATCGTGGAAAC	AGCAACTGAGCCTGCTCTTC
Human KCNA1 1.4	GACAATTGGAGGCAAGATCG	CCCAAAATCCTCAATGCAAC

These primer sets, overlapping the human *KCNA1* coding region, were used for mutation analysis based on GenBank accession code BC101733.